

Armstrongite

CaZrSi₆O₁₅•2.5H₂O

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Crystal Data: Monoclinic. *Point Group:* 2/m, m, or 2. As crystals, to 2 cm, and aggregates. *Twinning:* Polysynthetic, by rotation about [100].

Physical Properties: *Cleavage:* Perfect on {001}, good on {100}. *Tenacity:* Very brittle. Hardness = 4.6 VHN = 310–330 D(meas.) = 2.562–2.593 D(calc.) = 2.71

Optical Properties: Semitransparent. *Color:* Dark to pale brown. *Luster:* Vitreous. *Optical Class:* Biaxial (-). *Orientation:* Z = b; Y ∧ c = 5°–7°. *Dispersion:* r < v. α = 1.563 β = 1.569 γ = 1.573 2V(meas.) = n.d.

Cell Data: *Space Group:* C2/m, Cm, or C2. a = 14.04 b = 14.16 c = 7.81 β = 109°33' Z = 4

X-ray Powder Pattern: Khan-Bogdinskii massif, Mongolia. 4.26 (100), 3.05 (100), 6.60 (90), 3.80 (90), 7.05 (50), 2.995 (50), 1.947 (50)

Chemistry:	(1)	(2)
SiO ₂	60.12	61.64
TiO ₂	0.12	
ZrO ₂	19.80	21.07
Al ₂ O ₃	0.60	
(Y, RE) ₂ O ₃	0.55	
Fe ₂ O ₃	1.31	
MgO	0.19	
CaO	9.15	9.59
Na ₂ O	0.18	
K ₂ O	0.14	
H ₂ O	7.90	7.70
P ₂ O ₅	0.20	
Total	100.26	100.00

(1) Khan-Bogdinskii massif, Mongolia. (2) CaZrSi₆O₁₅•2.5H₂O.

Occurrence: In schlieren of alkalic granite pegmatite, at the contact of arfvedsonite granite with xenoliths of felsic volcanic rocks.

Association: Quartz, microcline, albite, aegirine, arfvedsonite, monazite, synchesite, titanite, other titanosilicates.

Distribution: In the Khan-Bogdinskii granitic massif, Gobi, Mongolia. In the Strange Lake complex, southeast of Lac Brisson, Quebec and Labrador, Newfoundland, Canada.

Name: Honoring Neil Alden Armstrong (1930–), American astronaut, first man to walk on the Moon.

Type Material: A.E. Fersman Mineralogical Museum, Academy of Sciences, Moscow, Russia.

References: (1) Vladykin, N.V., V.I. Kovalenko, A.A. Kashaev, A.N. Sapozhnikov, and V.A. Pisarskaya (1973) A new mineral of calcium and zirconium, armstrongite. Doklady Acad. Nauk SSSR, 209, 1185–1188 (in Russian). (2) (1974) Amer. Mineral., 59, 208 (abs. ref. 1). (3) Kashaev, A.A. and A.N. Sapozhnikov (1978) Crystal structure of armstrongite. Kristallografiya (Sov. Phys. Crystal.), 23, 956–961 (in Russian).