electrons/atoms or 7/3 is greater than those characteristic of the more common β , γ or ε phases. The only intermetallic compounds heretofore described as having the CaF_2 structure are Mg_2Si , Mg_2Pb and Mg_2Sn . These compounds seem to have at least some of the peculiarities noted in $AuAl_2$.

Summary: The purple compound $AuAl_2$ has most probably the CaF_2 structure with a=6.00.

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On the High Temperature Modification of CsCl.

By C. D. West in Cambridge (Mass.).

Three powder photographs CsCl were taken in Mo radiation at different temperatures. The lattice constants, reliable to about .02 A, are: at 25° a=4.09, distance Cs-Cl d=3.54, volume V=68; at a temperature below the transition at 460° a=4.20, d=3.64, V=74; at a temperature above the transition there is present a cubic phase having the NaCl structure with a=7.08, d=3.54, V=79. Thus on heating through the transition, d decreases by about 3%, a figure that has been observed in a number of similar instances; V increases as in the corresponding transitions in the ammonium and rubidium halides, and thus as with these substances the transition temperature will increase with increasing pressure.

The foregoing is in agreement with the recently reported work of Wagner and Lippert¹), who found a = 7.40 for the NaCl cubic phase.

Powder lines of CsCl at 500°.

hkl	a	Intensity	hkl	a	Intensity
111	7.15	5	400	7.08	12)
200	7.10	5	334	${f absent}$	
220	7.08	5	420	7.06	1
311	7.09	2	422	7.08	0.5
222	7.09	3^{2})			

There is no experimental work on the question whether CsBr and CsI have similar transitions. By analogy to the Rb halides it would be predicted that CsBr and CsI would invert, if at all, at a higher temperature than CsCl at any given pressure; in fact some photographs of mine show the absence of any inversion in CsBr and CsI at a temperature above the transition temperature of CsCl. With the ammonium halides the reverse order is found, the iodide having the lowest transition temperature at any given pressure.

Summary: — At 500° CsCl has the NaCl structure with a = 7.08.

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¹⁾ G. Wagner, L. Lippert, Z. physik. Chem. 21 B, 471. 1933.

²⁾ Coincidence with a reflection from the heating coil.