## Mahlmoodite

 $\odot$ 2001-2005 Mineral Data Publishing, version 1

**Crystal Data:** Monoclinic. *Point Group:* 2/m. In spheroidal aggregates of radiating fibrous to lathlike crystals, to 0.15 mm.

**Physical Properties:** Hardness =  $\sim 3$  D(meas.) = n.d. D(calc.) = 2.877

Optical Properties: Translucent. Color: Cream-white.

Optical Class: Biaxial (–), sensibly uniaxial (–). Orientation: Positive elongation; parallel extinction.  $\alpha = < 1.646$   $\beta = 1.652(2)$   $\gamma = 1.652(2)$  2V(meas.) = n.d.

**Cell Data:** Space Group:  $P2_1/c$ . a = 9.112(6) b = 5.412(7) c = 19.19(1)  $\beta = 94.81(6)^{\circ}$  Z = 4

**X-ray Powder Pattern:** Wilson Springs mine, Arkansas, USA. 3.160 (100), 4.382 (80), 9.58 (75), 2.640 (70), 4.572 (65), 4.092 (60), 3.978 (40)

## Chemistry:

	(1)	(2)
$P_2O_5$	36.2	34.70
$\overline{SiO_2}$	0.3	
$TiO_2$	0.7	
$ m ZrO_2$	28.7	30.12
$Al_2O_3$	0.3	
FeO	16.1	17.56
MnO	0.8	
MgO	0.26	
CaO	1.3	
$Na_2O$	0.11	
F	0.5	
$\rm H_2O$	[14.7]	17.62
Total	[100.0]	100.00

(1) Wilson Springs mine, Arkansas, USA; by electron microprobe, average of 25 analyses, total Fe as FeO, total Mn as MnO, H<sub>2</sub>O by difference, probably reduced by loss under vacuum; excluding SiO<sub>2</sub> and F, corresponds to  $(Fe_{0.88}Ca_{0.09}Mn_{0.04}Mg_{0.03}Na_{0.03})_{\Sigma=1.07}(Zr_{0.91}Ti_{0.03}Al_{0.02})_{\Sigma=0.96}(PO_4)_{2.01} \cdot 4H_2O$ . (2) FeZr(PO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>  $\cdot 4H_2O$ .

**Occurrence:** A rare secondary mineral in vugs in alkaline igneous rock (Wilson Springs mine, Arkansas, USA); in a mineralized fissure vein (Kerriack Cove, Cornwall, England).

**Association:** Kolbeckite, sodic pyroxene (Wilson Springs mine, Arkansas, USA); sphalerite, pyrite, anatase (Kerriack Cove, Cornwall, England).

**Distribution:** In the USA, in the Wilson Springs (Potash Sulphur Springs) mine, Garland Co., Arkansas. At Kerriack Cove, near Redruth, Cornwall, England.

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Type Material: National Museum of Natural History, Washington, D.C., USA, 170394.

**References:** (1) Milton, C., J.J. McGee, and H.T. Evans, Jr. (1993) Mahlmoodite, FeZr(PO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>•4H<sub>2</sub>O, a new iron zirconium phosphate mineral from Wilson Springs, Arkansas. Amer. Mineral., 78, 437–440. (2) Elton, N.J. and J.J. Hooper (1995) A second occurrence of mahlmoodite, from Cornwall, England. Mineral. Mag., 59, 166–168.